CLAIMS

What is claimed:

- A synthetic or recombinant proteinaceous molecule comprising:
 a core comprising a b-barrel, wherein said b-barrel comprises at least four strands and at least two b-sheets, wherein each of said b-sheets comprises two of said strands; and a binding peptide comprising a peptide connecting two strands in said b-barrel and wherein said binding peptide is outside its natural context.
- 2. The proteinaceous molecule of claim 1, wherein said b-barrel comprises at least five strands, and wherein at least one of said sheets comprises three of said strands.
- 3. The proteinaceous molecule of claim 1 or claim 2, wherein said b-barrel comprises at least six strands, and wherein at least two of said sheets comprises three of said strands.
- 4. The proteinaceous molecule of claim 1, claim 2, or claim 3, wherein said b-barrel comprises at least seven strands, and wherein at least one of said sheets comprises 4 of said strands.
- 5. The proteinaceous molecule of claim 1, claim 2, claim 3, or claim 4, wherein said b-barrel comprises at least eight strands, and wherein at least one of said sheets comprises four of said strands.
- 6. The proteinaceous molecule of any one of claims 1-5, wherein said b-barrel comprises at least nine strands, and wherein at least one of said sheets comprises four of said strands.

- 7. The proteinaceous molecule of any one of claims 1-6, wherein said binding peptide connects two strands of said b-barrel on the open side of said barrel.
- 8. The proteinaceous molecule of any one of claims 1-7, wherein said binding peptide connects said at least two b-sheets of said barrel.
- 9. The proteinaceous molecule of any one of claims 1-8, further comprising at least one further binding peptide.
- 10. The proteinaceous molecule of any one of claims 1-9, further comprising three binding peptides and three connecting peptide sequences.
- 11. The proteinaceous molecule of any one of claims 1-9, further comprising at least four binding peptides.
- 12. The proteinaceous molecule of claim 11, wherein at least one binding peptide recognizes a target molecule that is different than at least one of the other binding peptides.
- 13. A process for identifying a proteinaceous molecule with an altered binding property, said process comprising:
- introducing an alteration in the core of the proteinaceous molecules of any one of claims 1-12; and
- selecting a proteinaceous molecule with an altered binding property from said proteinaceous molecules.
- 14. A process for identifying a proteinaceous molecule with an altered structural property, said process comprising:

introducing an alteration in the core of the proteinaceous molecules of any one of claims 1-12; and

selecting a proteinaceous molecule with an altered binding property from said proteinaceous molecules.

- 15. The process of claim 13 or claim 14, wherein said alteration comprises a post-translational modification.
- 16. The process of claim 13, claim 14, or claim 15, wherein said alteration is introduced into a nucleic acid coding for said at least one proteinaceous molecule, the method further comprising: expressing said nucleic acid in an expression system that is capable of producing said

expressing said nucleic acid in an expression system that is capable of producing said proteinaceous molecule.

- 17. The proteinaceous molecule produced by the processes of claim 13, claim 14, claim 15, or claim 16.
- 18. The proteinaceous molecule of any one of claims 1-12 or 17, wherein said proteinaceous molecule is derived from the immunoglobulin superfamily.
- 19. The proteinaceous molecule of claim 18, wherein the exterior of the proteinaceous molecule is immunologically similar to said immunoglobulin superfamily molecule it was derived from.
 - 20. A cell comprising a proteinaceous molecule of any one of claims 1-12 or 17-19.
- 21. A method for producing a nucleic acid encoding a proteinaceous molecule capable of displaying at least one desired peptide sequence comprising:

 providing a nucleic acid sequence encoding at least a first structural region and a second

structural region separated by a nucleic acid sequence encoding said desired peptide sequence or a region where such a sequence can be inserted; and mutating said nucleic acid encoding said first and said second structural regions to obtain a desired nucleic acid encoding said proteinaceous molecule capable of displaying at least one desired peptide sequence.

- 22. A method for displaying a desired peptide sequence, comprising: providing a nucleic acid comprising a region for inserting a sequence encoding said desired peptide sequence, wherein said nucleic acid further encodes at least two b-sheets, wherein said at least two b-sheets form a b-barrel;
- inserting a nucleic acid sequence comprising said desired peptide sequence into said region; and
- expressing said nucleic acid such that said at least two b-sheets are obtainable by the method according to claim 21.
- 23. A method of separating a substance from a mixture, comprising: mixing a proteinaceous substance comprising the proteinaceous molecule of any one of claims 1-12 or 17-19, wherein said proteinaceous substance binds to said substance; and separating said substance from said mixture.
- 24. The method according to claim 23, wherein said mixture comprises a biological fluid.
- 25. The method according to claim 24, wherein said biological fluid comprises an excretion product of an organism.
- 26. The method according to claim 25, wherein said excretion product comprises milk or a derivative of milk.

- 27. The method according to claim 24, wherein said mixture is blood or a derivative thereof.
- 28. A pharmaceutical composition comprising the proteinaceous molecule of any one of claims 1-12 or 17-19 and a pharmaceutically acceptable substrate.
- 29. A method of treating a pathological condition involving unwanted proteins, cells, or microorganisms, said method comprising: administering a pharmaceutical composition comprising the proteinaceous molecule of any one of claims 1-12 or 17-19 in a pharmaceutically acceptable manner in a pharmaceutically effective amount.
- 30. A method of detecting molecules in a diagnostic assay, comprising: detecting said molecules using an effective of a proteinaceous substance comprising the proteinaceous molecule of any one of claims 1-12 or 17-19.
- 31. A gene delivery vehicle comprising: the proteinaceous molecule of any one of claims 1-12 or 17-19; and a gene of interest.
- 32. A gene delivery vehicle comprising: a nucleic acid encoding the proteinaceous molecule of any one of claims 1-12 or 17-19; and a nucleic acid encoding a gene of interest.
- 33. The proteinaceous molecule of any one of claims 1-12 or 17-19 conjugated to a moiety of interest.
- 34. The proteinaceous molecule of claim 33, where said moiety of interest is a toxic moiety.

- 35. A chromatography column comprising: the proteinaceous molecule of any one of claims 1-12 or 17-19; and a packing material.
 - 36. A nucleic acid produced by the method according to claim 21.
- 37. A nucleic acid library comprising a collection of different nucleic acids produced by the method according to claim 36.
- 38. The nucleic acid library of claim 37, further comprising a collection of nucleic acids encoding different affinity regions.
- 39. The nucleic acid library of claim 37 or claim 38, wherein said nucleic acid library is an expression library.